

SE_E&TC May_2020 Electronic Devices and Circuits-I Sem-III CBCGS ECC-302
Marks-50

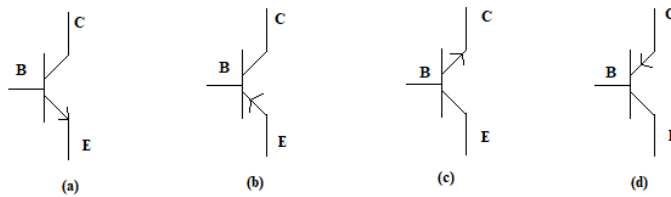
1. Depletion layer of a diode does not contain any ----- at absolute zero temperature.
 - a) Free Charge
 - b) positive ion
 - c) negative ion
 - d) potential1
2. A Germanium diode contains ----- volt as cut-in voltage.1
 - a) 0.3
 - b) 2
 - c) 3
 - d) 0.7
3. In a fixed bias circuit R_B is 500 k Ω and V_{CC} is 5 V then I_B is ----- . Let $R_E = 0 \Omega$ and $V_{BE} = 0.7 \text{ V}$.
 - a. 8.6 μA
 - b. 15 μA
 - c. 20 μA
 - d. 25 μA2
4. Barrier potential in a diode is due to immobile ----- in depletion region at P-N junction.
 - a) Ions
 - b) Free electrons
 - c) Free holes
 - d) Both electrons and holes2
5. Ripple factor in a half wave rectifier is -----2
 - a) 1.21
 - b) 0.48
 - c) 0.5
 - d) 1
- a) To smooth out the ripples in an ac to dc converter, a ----- is connected at the output of rectifier circuit.
 - a. Amplifier
 - b. Filter
 - c. Attenuator
 - d. Analog to digital converter2
6. In ac to dc converter circuit, a capacitor (filter) is connected in ----- with load and rectifier to smooth out ripples.
 - a) Shunt
 - b) Series
 - c) Series-shunt
 - d) Shunt-series1

7. Bridge rectifier comprises of ----- diode. 1
- Two
 - One
 - Four diodes
 - Three diodes

8. Zener diode is operated in ----- for voltage regulation 1
- Forward biased
 - Reverse biased
 - Short circuited condition
 - Unbiased condition

9. Operating point for a transistor amplifier should be at----- when used as amplifier. 2
- cut off region
 - saturation region
 - mid of load line
 - anywhere

10. Identify the correct n-p-n transistor symbol. 1



11. ----- bias technique is provides better stability than any other of biasing technique. 1
- Fixed
 - potential divider
 - collector feedback
 - Emitter only

12. Output ac resistance of a bipolar transistor for given V_A (Early voltage) = 50 V and collector current I_{CQ} = 1 mA is -----, 2
- 50 k Ω
 - 55 k Ω
 - 60 k Ω
 - 65 k Ω

13. r_{π} = ----- for I_{CQ} = 0.793 mA and β (beta)= 100 with V_T = 26 mV. 2
- 3.28 k Ω
 - 4.28 k Ω
 - 5.28 k Ω
 - 6.28 k Ω

14. Assume that $I_{CQ} = 2 \text{ mA}$ and $V_T = 26 \text{ mV}$ then $g_m =$ -----.
- 76.92 mA/V
 - 86.92 mA/V
 - 96.92 mA/V
 - 106.92 mA/V
- 2
15. Drain current in a JFET for a given value of $V_p = -3.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{DSS} = 5 \text{ mA}$ and $V_{GS} = V_p/4$ is
- 3.81 mA
 - 2.81 mA
 - 1.8 mA
 - 0.8 mA
- 2
16. The input impedance of an ideal FET is -----.
- Zero Ω
 - Infinite Ω
 - 100 K Ω
 - 500 k Ω
- 1
17. Drain current in a JFET for a given value of $V_p = -3.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{DSS} = 5 \text{ mA}$ and $V_{GS} = V_p$ is
- 1 mA
 - 0 mA
 - 2 mA
 - 1.5 mA
- 2
18. Lower and upper cut off frequencies of an amplifier is 0 Hz and 2 kHz therefore bandwidth of the amplifier is-----.
- 2 kHz
 - 1 kHz
 - 1.5 kHz
 - 4 kHz
- 2
19. Gain bandwidth product of an amplifier is always -----.
- Constant
 - Increases with frequency
 - Decreases with frequency
 - Fluctuate with frequency
- 1
20. Voltage gain of an amplifier is 200 and, input applied voltage is $v_i = 0.5 \text{ mV}$ therefore output voltage is-----.
- 100 mV
 - 125 mV
 - 200 mV
 - 175 mV
- 2

21. Output of an amplifier is $V_o=0.2$ V and input voltage is $v_i= 0.25$ mV, the gain of the amplifier is-----.

- a) 800
- b) 900
- c) 950
- d) 975

2

22. In a fixed bias common emitter circuit $R_B= 250$ K Ω , $V_{cc}= 5$, $B(\text{beta}) = 200$ and $V_{BE}= 0.7$ V then $I_c = \text{-----}$. Let $R_E= 0$ Ω

- a) 3.44 mA
- b) 5.76 mA
- c) 6.76 mA
- d) 8.76 mA

2

23. Let $\beta = 100$ and $I_{CQ} = 1$ mA and assume $V_T= 26$ mV then $r_{\pi} = \text{-----}$.

2

- a) 2 k Ω
- b) 2.6 k Ω
- c) 3 k Ω
- d) 3.6 k Ω

24. In a FET drain current and input gate to source voltages are related in accordance with ----- equation.

- a) Shockley's
- b) Faraday's
- c) KCL
- d) KVL

1

25. ----- cut off frequency is dependent on junction capacitors in a transistor.

- a) Upper
- b) Lower
- c) Mid
- d) Both, lower and upper

2

26. Drain current in a JFET for a given value of $V_p= -3.5$ V, $I_{DSS} = 5$ mA and $V_{GS} = V_p/2$ is

- a) 1.25 mA
- b) 2.25 mA
- c) 3.25 mA
- d) 4.25 mA

2

27. In a fixed bias common emitter circuit $R_B= 250$ K Ω , $V_{cc}= 5$, and $V_{BE}= 0.7$ V then $I_B = \text{-----}$. Let $R_E = 0$

- a) 17.2 μ A.

- b) 28.8 μA
- c) 38.8 μA
- d) 48.8 μA

2

28. $r_{\pi} = \text{-----}$ for $I_{CQ} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ and $B(\beta) = 200$ with $V_T = 26 \text{ mV}$.

2

- a) 10.4 $\text{k}\Omega$
- b) 12.4 $\text{k}\Omega$
- c) 14.4 $\text{k}\Omega$
- d) 16 $\text{k}\Omega$

29. Gain of an amplifier is $A_v = 100$, input applied voltage is $v_i = 1 \text{ mV}$ therefore output voltage is-
-----.

- a. 1 V
- b. 0.1 V
- c. 0.5 V
- d. 1.5 V

2